

Gramática Inglesa (Grado en Estudios Ingleses) – Febrero 2018 Modelo B

No se permite el uso de ningún material.

El tiempo de duración del examen es de dos horas.

Responda a las preguntas 1-20 en hoja de lectura óptica.

Puntuación: respuestas correctas: 0,5; cada respuesta incorrecta restará 0,1.

1. What is “What he said” in “What he said shocked me”?
 - a. A wh-adjectival clause
 - b. A wh-nominal relative clause
 - c. An interrogative that-clause
 - d. A reversed direct object

2. What is “Sign the petition” in “Sign the petition is what we did”?
 - a. An imperative clause
 - b. A nominal relative subordinate clause
 - c. A finite embedded clause
 - d. A bare infinitive clause

3. What is “yourself” in “Why don’t you give yourself a treat”?
 - a. A direct object
 - b. An emphasizing subject
 - c. An indirect object
 - d. A beneficiary

4. Which of the following sentences does not contain an Attributive?
 - a. She went pale.
 - b. She stayed calm.
 - c. She got me to work.
 - d. She drives me mad.

5. What is a compound sentence according to Systemic Functional Grammar?
 - a. A unit of a matrix clause plus a subordinate clause.
 - b. A unit of two or more coordinated clauses.
 - c. A unit of several embedded clauses of different ranks.
 - d. A superordinate sentence with a complex structure.

6. Which of the following statements is NOT true?
 - a. Dependent clauses may be finite or non-finite.
 - b. All grammatically independent clauses are finite.
 - c. Finite clauses have tense or modality.
 - d. Non-finite clauses do not have a subject.

7. Which of the following is NOT a speech act?
 - a. A statement
 - b. A declarative
 - c. An exclamation
 - d. A directive

8. What is a direct speech act in Systemic Functional Grammar?
- Declaratives.
 - A conversation or dialogue situation between two or more speakers.
 - When a speech act has the force of an illocutionary act.
 - When a clause type is used to carry out the speech act typically associated with it.
9. What is the central part in most situation types?
- The key defining circumstances
 - The Attribute
 - The participant
 - The process
10. What is the semantic structure of the clause "Anxiety can ruin your health"?
- Force Process Affected
 - Affected Process Force
 - Agent Process Phenomenon
 - Initiating Agent Process Key
11. Which is NOT a characteristic feature of pseudo-intransitives?
- They express a general property or propensity of the entity to undergo (or not) the process in question.
 - They tend to occur in the past tense.
 - A cause is implied but an Agent cannot be added in a by-phrase.
 - There is no corresponding transitive construction that exactly expresses the same meaning as them.
12. Which participant intervenes in the following clause: "The Prime Minister resigned"?
- Agent
 - Force
 - Affected
 - Goal
13. Which participants intervene in the following clause: "The glass got broken"?
- Agent
 - Force
 - Affected
 - Goal
14. Which participants intervene in the following clause: "They made the road wider"?
- Agent + Process + Affected
 - Agent + Recipient + Affected
 - Agent + Process - Attribute
 - Agent + Affected + Attribute

15. Which type of mental process is NOT distinguished in Systemic Functional Grammar?
- cognition
 - perception
 - affectivity
 - dubitativity
16. What can existential processes do? (choose the best answer)
- Merely state that things exist.
 - The above plus specify the quantification of something.
 - The two above plus specify the location of something.
 - The three above plus specify the speaker's affective perception on his/her own utterance.
17. What type of process appears in "The baby has blue eyes"?
- Relational
 - Material
 - Existential
 - Mental
18. What is "When" in "When will we get there"?
- An unmarked Theme
 - A marked Theme
 - A finite operator
 - A Rheme
19. Which of the following entities leads the "empathy hierarchy"?
- Abstract entity
 - Physical object
 - Hearer
 - Speaker
20. What phenomenon can be seen in "Now Manchester United, their players have been holding up a banner"?
- Left-dislocation
 - Right-dislocation
 - Absolute Theme
 - Double subject